UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/544,179	08/02/2005 Francesco Riondato		BA-22950	8573	
178 BUCKNAM AI	7590 03/31/200 ND ARCHER	8	EXAMINER		
1077 NORTHE	RN BOULEVARD	MCPARTLIN, SARAH BURNHAM			
ROSLYN, NY	113/0		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3636		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/31/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

			Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			10/544,179		RIONDATO, FRANCESCO				
			Examiner		Art Unit				
			Sarah B. McPa		3636				
<i>Th</i> e Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this commun	nication appea	ars on the cov	er sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress			
WHICHEVE - Extensions of after SIX (6) I - If NO period I - Failure to rep Any reply rec	NED STATUTORY PERIOD F ER IS LONGER, FROM THE National Provisions of the maximum structure or reply is specified above, the maximum structure or extended period for reply exived by the Office later than three months the term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. tatutory period will a y will, by statute, ca	(a). In no event, ho apply and will expi ause the application	COMMUNICATION wever, may a reply be time or SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status									
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>13 Mar</i> i	rch 2008						
· ·	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
<i>′</i> =	this application is in condition	<i>7</i> —			secution as to th	e merits is			
•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of	Claims								
4)⊠ Claim	4) Claim(s) <u>2-8</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) O	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)∐ Claim	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim	n(s) <u>2-8</u> is/are rejected.								
7)∐ Claim	n(s) is/are objected to.								
8) <mark>□</mark> Claim	n(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or e	election requi	rement.					
Application Pa	pers								
9) <mark></mark> The s	pecification is objected to by th	ne Examiner.							
10)⊠ The d	rawing(s) filed on <u>05 August 2</u> 0	<u>005</u> is/are: a)	)⊠ accepted	or b)  objected t	to by the Examin	er.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Repla	cement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction	n is required if	the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119								
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
2) Notice of Dra 3) Information I	ferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Mail Date	PTO-948)	4) [ 5) [ 6) [	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other:	ate				

Application/Control Number: 10/544,179 Page 2

Art Unit: 3636

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on March 13, 2008 has been entered.

# Claim Objections

- 2. Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities:
  - It appears as if the word "constitutes" (claim 6, line 5) should be replaced with the word - constitute -.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2 and 4-8 are rejected as best understood with the above cited indefiniteness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Yates et al. (5,011,222) in view of Kuipers (6,450,572). With respect to claim 8, Yates discloses a bicycle saddle

Page 3

(1) having two identical portions (unlabeled) around axis (A), each of said portions has comprising: a rear part (6) having about a 10 degree to 20 degree slightly upwardly concave first rear zone (8), an outer side part (unlabeled), represented by the side margin extending nearly completely around the rear parts (6) with downward convexity of about 45-60 degrees so as to follow the curvature of the buttocks muscles, a front zone (unlabelled) continuing forward from said rear zone (8) is a substantially downwardly inclined configuration with a depression ranging from 0 cm to about 3 to 5 cm. It should be noted that front zones lie at an elevation of approximately 2.0 inches. Rear zone has an elevation of approximately 3.2 inches. Therefore the height difference or depression between the front zone and the rear zone of the rear part (6) is approximately 1.2 inches. This elevation change results in a depression of approximately 3.05 centimeters. A transversal middle plane part (7) continues the downwardly inclined configuration of the front zone of the rear part (6) and has a side cove-shaped zone (10); a front part (2) which is lower with respect to rear parts (6) by about 1-3 centimeters as seen in Figure 3 as well as slightly inclined upwards up to 25 degrees, the two front parts (4) of the bicycle saddle begin to gradually constrict at about half their longitudinal extension substantially forming a V-shaped configuration with the vertex (3) curving steeply downwardly.

With respect to claim 2, the front parts (4) are equipped with a bearing (unlabeled) that forms the nose/vertex (3). The bearing is has a bigger thickness that is greater than the rear part (6) as is best depicted in Figure 3.

With respect to claim 4, wherein the overall width of the two font parts (4) varying from 6 to 15 centimeters given the scales presented in Figured 1 and 3.

Page 4

With respect to claim 7, a seat pillar (44) which supports the aforementioned saddle (1) is arranged so that its vertical axis (unlabeled) roughly coincides with the middle plane in the longitudinal direction of the parts (6) of the two portions of the saddle.

As disclosed above, Yates reveals all claimed elements with the exception of a channel separating the middle parts and front parts and having a wider rear part and a longitudinal trough joining the two rear parts.

Kuipers discloses a longitudinally symmetrical bicycle saddle. A trough (8) separates two rear parts of the bicycle saddle. The trough leads to a channel (6) which separates middle parts and front parts of the bicycle saddle. The channel is wider at its rear end than its forward end.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to add the trough (8) and channel (6), as taught by Kuipers, to the seat disclosed by Yates. The channel (6) "creates a vertical opening through the saddle by which to reduce the pressure that would otherwise be applied during long trips to the perineal nerve bundle of the rider" (column 2, lines 29-31). The trough (8) "helps distribute the air flow to the interface between the rider and the saddle" (column 2, lines 37-38). Such a modification would help improve the rider's comfort. Furthermore, all of the claimed elements were known in the prior art and one skilled in the art could have combined the elements as claimed by known methods with no change in their

respective functions, and the combination would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

5. Claim 3 is rejected as best understood with the above cited indefiniteness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yates et al. (5,011,222) in view of Kuipers (6,450,572), as applied to claim 8 above, and in further view of Calvert et al. (5,356,205). As disclosed above, Yates et al., as modified, reveals all claimed elements with the exception of a frame with some holes for ventilation.

Calvert teaches the use of a frame (12) with some ventilation holes (31).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to use a frame with holes, as taught by Calvert, to support the cycle saddle disclosed by Yates. Such a modification would provide a solid rigid surface to which mounting bars (unlabeled) could be mounted. Furthermore, using a frame with holes reduces the overall weight of the device.

## Response to Amendment/Arguments

Applicant's amendment and request for continue examination filed on March 13,
 2008 has been considered in its entirety.

Applicant explains that reference numeral (14), disclosed by Yates, is not a trough, but is actually a coccyx support that is raised above the surrounding surface of the saddle. Careful analysis of the Yates reference does indeed disclose that portion (14) is raised and therefore can not constitute a trough. Kuipers is relied upon the

instant rejection for his teaching of a trough and channel. The Examiner contends that the addition of a trough and channel, as taught by Kuipers, would provide improve ventilation between the seat occupant and the saddle. Such a modification would have been obvious in order to provide improved rider comfort.

#### Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sarah B. McPartlin whose telephone number is 571-272-6854. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Dunn can be reached on 571-272-6670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 10/544,179 Page 7

Art Unit: 3636

Primary Examiner Art Unit 3636

SBM March 26, 2008